Musculoskeletal Disorders

Painful disorders of muscles, tendons, and nerves that develop over time from tasks that repeatedly cause stress and injury to tissues



Common causes

Material injuries due to repeated lifting, handling pushing and pulling

Workstation furniture, layout, job design and keyboarding



Repetitive risk factors due to job motion design, awkward body injuries motions, and tools



Inadequate pace of work, production pressure, lack of sufficient time to recover from overwork

What employers can do

Hazards are best eliminated at the source. Employers should focus on avoiding repetitive patterns of work through job design changes:



Mechanization automate tasks



Team work distributing work more evenly



Job rotation moving between different tasks



Job enlargement increasing the variety of tasks

If elimination of repetitive patterns of work is not possible, prevention strategies can focus on:



Workplace design fitting the workstation to the worker



Assistive devices using carts, hoists, or other mechanical handling devices



Work practices training workers, allowing rest periods, and giving workers more job control



Tool and equipment design providing proper tools that decrease the force and avoid awkward positions



Musculoskeletal disorders (MSDs) are the most frequent type of lost-time injury and the single largest source of lost-time costs in Canada.

Symptoms

Musculoskeletal disorders (MSDs) do not happen overnight.



Pain, joint stiffness, muscle tightness, redness, swelling of the affected area, numbness, "pins and needles" sensations, skin colour changes

Being aware of the causes and developing a prevention program is essential. Inform and train workers, encourage early reporting of symptoms, and identify and control job-related risk factors.

