# Protect your injury hot spots

Cleaners/Janitors



WorkplaceNL

Health | Safety | Compensation

# **COMMON INJURIES**

# **FACTS**

# Injury Hotspots Cleaners/Janitors



# **Prevention Tips**

# LIFTING, PUSHING, PULLING AND HANDLING MATERIALS

- Have bulky materials delivered or use mechanical load shifting devices.
- Heavy or awkward loads should have lifting points or handles fitted.
- Ask for smaller sizes when ordering materials.
- Use personal protective equipment (PPE) suited to the task and material being used.

# REPETITIVE WORK / AWKWARD POSTURES

- Use powered, mechanized equipment, e.g. scrubbing machines, wet vacuums, high speed in-line polishers.
- To avoid overstretching, use extension tools, e.g. angled brushes, long-handled window squeegee or wall scrubber allowing two- handed grip. Use a ladder or step stool to reach.
- When workers must do similar work for long periods, rotate tasks.
- Take regularly scheduled breaks.

### SLIPS, TRIPS, AND FALLS

- Ensure that all floors are level throughout work areas and there are no temporary or permanent obstructions posing any risks.
- Ensure good housekeeping.
- Footwear and floor surfaces should be non-slip.
- Ensure procedures such as warning signs, barriers, and immediate cleanup are in place when wet cleaning and when handling spills.

### CUTS, GRAZES AND LACERATIONS

- Provide sufficient sharps containers so needles are not disposed of in bags.
- Clean equipment that may be sharp with tools that keep hands away, e.g. brushes, scrapers, or mesh gloves.
- Ensure equipment is isolated and locked out before cleaning.

### NOISE

- Use the quietest powered equipment available, e.g. scrubbers, vacuum cleaners.
- Place hearing protection required warning signs on mobile cleaning equipment as appropriate.
- Noise controls should be implemented if employees are exposed to excessive noise (e.g. noise exceeds the exposure standard, workers have to raise their voices to communicate over a distance of one meter).

## CHEMICAL HANDLING

- Substitute hazardous chemicals with safer substances.
- Ensure you have been trained in Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS) if working with controlled substances.
- Ensure Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) are available for use and wear PPE as indicated on the MSDS.

# **EYE PROTECTION**

 Wear CSA approved protective eyewear that is appropriate to the conditions of the workplace.

